

**Beyond 2015 Reaction to the “Final Draft of the outcome document for the UN Summit to adopt the Post-2015 Development Agenda”**

July 2015

Co-Facilitators Text	Changes proposed	Justification
<p>Title: TRANSFORMING OUR WORLD: THE 2030 AGENDA FOR GLOBAL ACTION</p>	<p>TRANSFORMING OUR WORLD: THE 2030 AGENDA FOR GLOBAL <b>SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT</b> AND ACTION</p>	<p>The title should reflect the ambition of the agenda and linkage with sustainable development.</p>
<p><b>Preamble</b></p> <p>This Agenda is a plan of action for people, planet and prosperity that also seeks to strengthen universal peace in larger freedom. All countries acting in collaborative partnership will implement the plan. We are resolved to free the human race from the tyranny of poverty and want and to heal and secure our planet for present and future generations. We are determined to take the bold and transformative steps needed to shift the world on to a sustainable path. As we embark on this collective journey, we pledge that no one will be left behind.</p> <p>The 17 Sustainable Development Goals and 169 targets which we are announcing demonstrate the scale and ambition of the new Agenda. They will stimulate action over the next fifteen years in the following areas of critical importance for humanity and the planet:</p>	<p>This Agenda is a plan of action for people, planet and prosperity that also seeks to strengthen universal peace <b>and protect, promote and fulfill human rights for all</b> in larger freedom. All countries acting in collaborative partnership will implement the plan. We are resolved to free <del>the human race</del> <b>all peoples</b> from the tyranny of poverty, <b>inequalities, fear, violence</b> and want and to heal and secure our planet for present and future generations. <b>We recognize that these objectives are inextricably linked.</b> We are determined to take the bold and transformative steps needed to shift the world on to a sustainable <b>and resilient</b> path. As we embark on this collective journey, we pledge that no one will be left behind.</p> <p>The 17 Sustainable Development Goals and 169 targets which we are announcing demonstrate the scale and ambition of the new <b>universal</b> Agenda. <b>They are integrated and indivisible and</b> will stimulate action by all countries and stakeholders, <b>with the meaningful participation of all people</b>, over the next fifteen years in the following areas of</p>	<p>The proposals focus on better signaling the interconnections in the Agenda. The text relating to the global partnership remains somewhat abstract and lacks concrete detail.</p> <p>The Preamble must reinforce the interdependent and holistic aspect of the agenda to avoid for the proposed 5 P's to be perceived as silos. The Preamble must include references to the interlinkages, integration and universality (already affirmed elsewhere in the text).</p> <p>The Preamble must bring the notion of participation from the very beginning.</p>

	critical importance for humanity and the planet:	
<p><b>People</b></p> <p>We want to ensure that all human beings can fulfil their potential. We want to end poverty in all its forms; end hunger and malnutrition; promote human dignity; combat inequalities in and between countries; achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls; ensure quality education, water and sanitation and a healthy life for all; and secure the participation of all people and groups, including children, in the realization of the new Goals and targets.</p>	<p><b>People</b></p> <p>We want to ensure that all human beings can fulfil their potential. We want to end poverty in all its forms; end hunger and malnutrition, <b>end preventable newborn, child and maternal deaths</b>, promote, <b>protect and respect</b> human <b>rights and</b> dignity <b>for all</b>; combat inequalities in and between countries; achieve gender equality, <b>empower and fully realize the human rights of</b> <del>and empower</del> all women and girls; ensure quality education, water and sanitation and a healthy life <b>and environment</b> for all; and secure <b>and enable</b> the <b>meaningful</b> participation of all people and groups, including <b>women, children, youth, persons with disabilities, older persons and the most marginalized</b> in the realization of the new Goals and targets.</p>	<p>The inclusion of “environment” brings the necessary balance between the 3 dimensions of sustainable development to the text.</p> <p>The commitment to the protection of human rights for all should be explicit on the proposed “People’s” P.</p> <p>We welcome the commitment to participation of all people and groups in this paragraph. It is important to qualify participation as “meaningful”. The reference to persons with disabilities brings the attention to the barriers to participation frequently faced by them.</p> <p>There is currently little reference to “barriers” to participation in the text. To be meaningful, participation must be “enabled” or the most marginalized will not be reached.</p> <p>We welcome the mention of “achieve gender equality” and propose some changes that highlights the centrality of a rights based approach to this Agenda.</p>
<p><b>Planet</b></p> <p>We must respect and safeguard our common home. We want to protect the planet so that it can support the needs of present and future generations. We will conserve and sustainably use our oceans and seas; fight climate change; protect and restore ecosystems; combat desertification, land degradation and biodiversity loss; promote safe and inclusive cities and human</p>	<p>We must respect and safeguard our common home. We want to protect the planet <b>and sustainably and equitably manage its resources</b> so that it can support the needs of present and future generations. We will conserve and sustainably use our oceans and seas; fight climate change; protect and restore ecosystems; combat desertification, land degradation and biodiversity loss; promote safe <b>and</b> inclusive <b>and accessible</b> cities and human settlements; and promote disaster risk reduction.</p>	<p>The proposals aim for strengthening the interconnections in the Agenda and also to recognize the use of resources beyond Oceans (not currently covered in the text).</p> <p>The SDGs refer to “accessible cities” and it is important that the declaration keeps the alignment, especially considering the needs of persons with disabilities.</p>

<p>settlements; and promote disaster risk reduction.</p>		
<p><b>Prosperity</b></p> <p>We want all human beings to enjoy the fruits of economic, social and technological progress and live productive and fulfilling lives. We want to ensure sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth; promote decent work and employment for all; foster shared prosperity and sustainable lifestyles worldwide; promote sustainable industrialization, agriculture and infrastructure; and ensure access to affordable modern energy services.</p>	<p>We want all human beings to enjoy the fruits of economic, social and technological progress and live productive and fulfilling lives. We want to ensure sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth; promote decent work and employment for all; foster shared prosperity and sustainable lifestyles worldwide; promote sustainable industrialization, agriculture and infrastructure; and ensure access to affordable, <b>reliable, sustainable and</b> modern energy services.</p>	<p>The qualifier “modern” on its own can include environmentally unsustainable energy technologies. It is important to balance it with the addition of “sustainable” in all references to energy. It is also important to include “reliable” to address the quality of energy services.</p>
<p><b>Peace</b></p> <p>All people yearn to live in peaceful and harmonious societies, free from fear and violence. We want to foster peaceful, safe and inclusive societies; to strengthen governance and institutions at all levels; to ensure equal access to justice; and to protect the human rights of all men, women, boys and girls.</p>	<p><del>All people yearn to live in peaceful and harmonious societies</del> <b>We want all people to be free from fear, coercion, violence and all forms of marginalisation.</b> As such, we want to foster <b>more</b> peaceful, safe and inclusive societies; to strengthen <b>accountable, transparent and participatory</b> governance and institutions at all levels; to ensure equal access to justice; and to protect the human rights of all men, women, boys and girls.</p>	<p>The proposal brings focus to accountable, transparent and participatory governance as well as to the links between marginalization, peacefulness and inclusion.</p>
<p><b>Partnership</b></p> <p>We want to create an effective Global Partnership for Sustainable Development which will embrace all countries and stakeholders. The Global Partnership will mobilize the means required for implementation of the Agenda, acting in a</p>	<p>We want to create an effective Global Partnership for Sustainable Development which will embrace all countries and stakeholders, <b>including civil society, based on shared mutual commitments to transparency and accountability.</b> The Global Partnership will mobilize the means <b>and expertise</b> required for implementation of</p>	<p>The text should reinforce the role of the State as primary duty bearer and spell out the roles of civil society, the private sector and other stakeholders.</p>

<p>spirit of strengthened global solidarity and supporting, in particular, the needs of the poorest and most vulnerable.</p> <p>If we realize our ambitions in these areas and across the full extent of the new Agenda, the lives of millions of human beings will be profoundly altered and our world will be transformed for the better.</p>	<p>the Agenda, acting in a spirit of strengthened global solidarity and supporting, in particular, the needs of the poorest and most vulnerable <b>by focusing on people-centered approaches to development.</b></p>	
<p><b>INTRODUCTION</b></p> <p>1. We, the Heads of State and Government of the 193 member States of the United Nations, meeting in New York from 25-27 September 2015 as the Organization celebrates its seventieth anniversary, have decided today on new global goals for the sustainable development of humanity and of our planet.</p>	<p>1. We, the Heads of State and Government of the 193 member States of the United Nations, meeting in New York from 25-27 September 2015 as the Organization celebrates its seventieth anniversary, have decided today on new global goals for the <b>realization of human rights, fundamental freedoms and equality</b> for all and the sustainable development of humanity and of our the planet.</p>	<p>Given the historical significance of this Agenda and the fact that human rights is one of the key pillars of the United Nations, a reference to human rights and fundamental freedoms should be included, in line with the principles and purposes of the Charter (Article 1) and the Universal Declaration for Human Rights.</p>
<p>2. On behalf of the peoples we serve, we have made a historic decision on a comprehensive and far-reaching set of universal and transformative goals and targets. If these are realized, they will change for the better the world in which we all live.</p>	<p>2. <b>In partnership with and</b> On behalf of the peoples we serve, we have made a historic decision on a comprehensive and far-reaching set of universal and transformative goals and targets. <b>Our political will and commitment to fully implement this agenda</b> <del>if these are realized, they</del> will change for the better the world in which we all live.</p>	<p>This paragraph should reinforce the commitment of Heads of State to implement the agenda, without the conditionality expressed by the “if”.</p> <p>The change proposed also brings the partnership with people to the centre.</p>
<p>3. We recognize that poverty eradication is the greatest global challenge and an indispensable requirement for sustainable development. We recognize that the dignity of the human person is fundamental. We intend, between now and 2030, to end extreme poverty and hunger everywhere; to combat inequalities and build peaceful, just and</p>	<p>3. We recognize that poverty eradication is <b>one of</b> the greatest global challenges and an indispensable requirement for sustainable development. We recognize that the dignity of the human person is fundamental. We intend, between now and 2030, to end extreme poverty <b>in all its forms</b> and hunger everywhere; to combat all inequalities; and to</p>	<p>Poverty eradication is one of the multiple, interconnected challenges to achieve sustainable development.</p> <p>This paragraph must be strengthened by the inclusion of references to combating gender inequality, discrimination, climate change and economic development (instead of growth).</p>

<p>inclusive societies; to ensure the lasting protection of the planet and its resources; and to create conditions for sustainable, inclusive and sustained economic growth and shared prosperity.</p>	<p>build peaceful, just and inclusive societies; <b>to combat climate change, change development patterns and</b> to ensure the lasting protection of the planet and its resources; and to create conditions for sustainable, inclusive and sustained economic <del>growth</del> <b>development</b> and shared prosperity.</p>	
<p>4. As we embark on this great collective journey, we pledge that nobody will be left behind. We wish to see the goals and targets met for all nations and peoples and for all economic and social groupings. And we will endeavour to reach the furthest behind first.</p>	<p>4. As we embark on this great collective journey, we pledge that nobody will be left behind. We <del>wish to see</del> <b>affirm that no goal or target will be considered met unless met for all economic and social groupings.</b> <del>to see the goals and targets met for all nations and peoples and for all economic and social groupings.</del> And we will endeavour to reach the further behind first.</p>	<p>The language on “reaching the furthest behind first” is an improvement on the zero draft, which we strongly welcome. We propose to reinforce this language with a tangible commitment.</p>
<p>5. This is an Agenda of unprecedented scope and significance. It is accepted by all countries and is applicable to all. These are universal goals and targets which involve the entire world, rich and poor countries alike, in a new global compact for the betterment of humanity. This compact follows over two years of intensive public consultation and engagement with stakeholders around the world, which paid particular attention to the voices of the poorest and most vulnerable. This consultation included valuable work done by the United Nations, whose Secretary-General provided a synthesis report in December 2014. The goals and targets we have decided on are integrated and indivisible and balance the three crucial dimensions of</p>	<p>5. This is an Agenda of unprecedented scope and significance. It is accepted by all countries and is applicable to all. These are universal goals and targets which involve the entire world, rich and poor countries alike, in a new global compact for the betterment of humanity <b>and the preservation of the planet.</b> This compact follows over two years of intensive public consultation and engagement <b>with people, civil society and other</b> stakeholders around the world, which paid particular attention to the voices of the poorest and most <del>vulnerable</del> <b>marginalized.</b> This consultation included valuable work done by the United Nations, whose Secretary-General provided a synthesis report in December 2014. The goals and targets we have decided on are integrated and indivisible and balance the three crucial dimensions of sustainable development: the economic, social and environmental.</p>	<p>The inclusion of “preservation of the planet” brings balance to this paragraph.</p> <p>We welcome the recognition of the broad level of consultation. The text must acknowledge the participation of people and civil society in the process.</p> <p>The recognition of the role of the United Nations is also welcome.</p>

<p>sustainable development: the economic, social and environmental.</p>		
<p>6. We commit ourselves to working tirelessly for the implementation of the Agenda by 2030. This is a plan of action for people, planet and prosperity which also seeks to strengthen universal peace in larger freedom. It will be implemented by all of us acting in genuine and lasting partnership. We are resolved to free the human race from the tyranny of poverty in all its forms and to heal and secure our planet for future generations. We are determined to take the bold and transformative steps needed to shift the world onto a sustainable and resilient path.</p>	<p>6. We commit ourselves to working tirelessly for the implementation of the Agenda by 2030. <del>This is a plan of action for people, planet and prosperity which also seeks to strengthen universal peace in larger freedom.</del> It will be implemented by all of us acting in genuine and lasting partnership <b>and with the full and meaningful participation of all people.</b> <del>We are resolved to free the human race all peoples from the tyranny of poverty, in all its forms, and to heal and secure our planet for present and future generations. We are determined to take the bold and transformative steps needed to shift the world onto a sustainable and resilient path.</del></p>	<p>We strongly welcome the commitment towards the implementation of the agenda. This should be done with meaningful participation of all people.</p> <p>Phrases proposed for deletion are already included on the very first paragraph..</p>
<p><b>Our vision</b></p> <p>7. In these goals and targets, we are setting out a supremely ambitious and transformational vision. We envisage a world free of poverty, hunger, disease and want, where all life can thrive. We envisage a world free of fear and violence. A world with universal access to quality education and to health care and social protection, where physical, mental and social well-being are assured. A world where access to safe and affordable drinking water is a basic and universal human right; where food is safe, affordable and nutritious; where there is adequate and accessible sanitation. A world where human habitats are safe, resilient and</p>	<p>7. In these goals and targets, we are setting out a supremely ambitious, and transformational vision. We envisage a world free of poverty, hunger, disease and want, where all life can thrive. We envisage a world free of fear and violence. A world <del>with</del> <b>where all people can enjoy their human rights to</b> universal access to quality education and to <b>quality</b> health care and social protection, where physical, mental and social well-being are assured. A world where access to safe and affordable drinking water is a basic and universal human right; where food is safe, affordable and nutritious; where there is adequate and accessible sanitation <b>and hygiene.</b> A world where human habitats are safe, resilient and sustainable and there is affordable, accessible, reliable and sustainable energy.</p>	<p>We propose changes that reinforce the realization of human rights.</p> <p>The recognition of access to water as a basic human right is welcome improvement from the previous document. Hygiene and sanitation should not be separated and must be in line with Target 6.2 .</p> <p>It is critical that participation be part of the "vision".</p>



<p>sustainable and there is affordable, reliable and sustainable energy.</p>		
<p>8. We envisage a world of universal respect for human rights and human dignity, the rule of law, justice and equality; of respect for race, ethnicity and cultural values; and of equal opportunity permitting the full realization of human potential while promoting shared prosperity. A world in which every woman and child enjoys full gender equality and all barriers to their empowerment in our societies have been removed. A just, equitable, tolerant and socially inclusive world</p>	<p>8. We envisage a world of universal <b>protection</b>, respect <b>and fulfillment of for all</b> human rights and human dignity, the rule of law, justice and equality <b>for all without any form of discrimination or violence</b>; of respect for <b>diversity</b>, race, ethnicity and <b>culture cultural values</b>; and of equal opportunity permitting the full realization of human potential while promoting shared prosperity. A world in which every woman and <b>girl child</b> enjoys full gender equality in all spheres of life, and in which all barriers to their empowerment and fulfillment of their human rights in our societies have been removed. <b>A world in which all children, adolescents and youth enjoy safe, nurturing and enabling environments to fulfill their full potential and aspirations.</b> A just, equitable, tolerant and socially inclusive world.</p>	<p>The paragraph should include commitments to the realization of human rights for all without discrimination or violence.</p> <p>We welcome the reference to gender equality in this paragraph. The sentence should refer to “girls” instead of “child” to cover the particular forms of discrimination faced by girls.</p>
<p>9. We envisage a world in which economic growth, consumption and production patterns and use of all natural resources – from air to land to oceans – are sustainable. One in which development and the application of technology are climate-sensitive, respect biodiversity and are resilient. One in which humanity lives in harmony with nature and in which wildlife and living species are protected</p>	<p>9. We envisage a world in which economic <b>growth development</b>, consumption and production patterns and use of all natural resources – from air to land to oceans – are sustainable <b>and equitable. A world where decisive action has been taken to address climate change and the rise in global average temperature has been halted; where our oceans, marine resources, terrestrial ecosystems and forests are restored and protected.</b> One in which development and the application of technology are climate-sensitive, respect biodiversity, <b>are socially and environmentally safe</b>, and are resilient. One in which humanity lives in harmony with nature and in which all wildlife</p>	<p>The post-2015 outcome document must be clear on the recognition that the current economic model based solely on growth has failed to deliver equity, sustainability and inclusion. Economic “development” is more appropriate and harmonized with the proposal of this Agenda than “growth”.</p>

	and living species are protected.	
<p><b>Our shared principles</b></p> <p>10. The new Agenda is guided by the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, including full respect for international law. It is grounded also in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, international human rights treaties and other instruments such as the Declaration on the Right to Development. We reaffirm all the principles of the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development, including, inter alia, the principle of common but differentiated responsibilities.</p>	<p>10. The new Agenda is guided by the purposes and principles of the Charter of the United Nations, including full respect for international law. It is grounded also in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, international human rights treaties and other instruments such as the Declaration on the Right to Development. <b>We reaffirm the principle that all human rights are inalienable, indivisible, interdependent and interrelated, and that this principle will guide our implementation, follow up, review and accountability efforts.</b> We reaffirm all the principles of the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development, including, inter alia, the principle of common but differentiated responsibilities.</p>	<p>The proposals seek to reinforce the commitment to all human rights. This paragraph could be strengthened by clearly reflecting all Human Rights Treaties: The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, the Convention on the Rights of the Child, the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, and the International Convention of the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of their Families,</p>
<p><b>Our world today</b></p> <p>11. We are meeting at a time of immense challenges to sustainable development. There are rising inequalities within and between states. There are enormous disparities of opportunity, wealth and power. Unemployment, particularly youth unemployment, is a major concern. Spiralling conflict, violent extremism and humanitarian crises threaten to reverse much of the development progress made in recent decades. Natural resource depletion and adverse impacts of environmental degradation, including desertification, drought and land degradation and the prospect of irreversible climate change, add to the list of challenges which humanity faces. The</p>	<p>11. We are meeting at a time of immense challenges to sustainable development. There are rising inequalities within and between states. There are enormous disparities of opportunity, wealth and power. <b>Millions of people experience social and economic marginalization and multiple and intersecting forms of discrimination.</b> Unemployment, particularly youth unemployment, <b>and the lack of decent work and social protection</b> is a major concern. <b>We are also concerned about how persons with disabilities are disproportionately affected in disasters, emergencies and conflict situations.</b> Spiralling conflict, violent extremism and humanitarian crises threaten to reverse much of the development progress made in recent decades. Natural resource depletion and adverse impacts of environmental degradation, including</p>	<p>The changes proposed emphasize how persons with disabilities are disproportionately affected by global challenges (Source: A/C.3/69/L.10/Rev.1).</p> <p>Additional changes focus on better signaling the interconnections in the Agenda.</p>



<p>survival of many societies, and of the planet itself, is at risk.</p>	<p>desertification, drought and land degradation and the prospect of irreversible climate change, add to <b>and exacerbate</b> the list of challenges which humanity faces. The survival of many societies, and of the planet itself, is at risk.</p>	
<p>12. It is also, however, a time of immense opportunity. Significant progress has been made in meeting many development challenges. Within the past generation, hundreds of millions of people have emerged from extreme poverty. Access to education has greatly increased. The spread of ICT and global interconnectedness has great potential to accelerate human progress, as do scientific and technological innovation across areas as diverse as medicine and energy.</p>		
<p>13. Almost fifteen years ago, the Millennium Development Goals were agreed. These provided an important framework for development and significant progress has been made in a number of areas. But the progress has been uneven, particularly in Africa and least developed countries, and some of the MDGs remain off- track, in particular those related to maternal, newborn and child health. We recommit ourselves to the full realization of the off-track MDGs. The new Agenda builds on the Millennium Development Goals and seeks to complete what these did not achieve.</p>	<p>13. Almost fifteen years ago, the Millennium Development Goals were agreed. These provided an important framework for development and significant progress has been made in a number of areas. But the progress has been uneven, particularly in Africa and least developed countries, and some of the MDGs remain off- track, in particular those related to <b>gender equality and reproductive</b>, maternal, newborn and child health. We recommit ourselves to the full realization of the off-track MDGs. The new Agenda builds on the Millennium Development Goals and seeks to complete what these did not achieve.</p>	<p>The MDG on gender equality is one of the most “off-track” MDGS along with the goals on reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health (See MDG Report 2015).</p>

<p>14. In its scope, however, the framework we are announcing today goes far beyond the MDGs. Alongside continuing development priorities such as poverty eradication, health, education and food security and nutrition, it sets out a wide range of economic and environmental objectives. It also promises more peaceful and inclusive societies. It also, crucially, defines means of implementation. Reflecting the integrated approach which we have decided on, there are deep interconnections and many cross-cutting elements across the new goals and targets.</p>	<p>14. In its scope, however, the framework we are announcing today goes far beyond the MDGs. Alongside continuing development priorities such as poverty eradication, health, education, <b>water and sanitation</b> and food security and nutrition, it sets out a wide range of economic, <b>social</b>, and environmental objectives. It also promises more peaceful, <b>participatory</b> and inclusive societies <b>that transform fundamental imbalances in power relations between men and women and between north and south</b>. It also, crucially, defines means of implementation. Reflecting the integrated approach which we have decided on, there are deep interconnections and many cross-cutting elements across the new goals and targets.</p>	<p>Sanitation is one of the most lagging MDGs targets and a clear off-track priority that should be reaffirmed.</p> <p>The three dimensions of sustainable development should be reflected in this paragraph.</p>
<p>15. We recall the outcomes of major UN conferences and summits which have laid a solid foundation for sustainable development and have helped to shape the new Agenda. These include the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development; the Millennium Declaration; the World Summit on Sustainable Development; the World Summit for Social Development; and the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development (“Rio+ 20”) and its follow-up</p>	<p>15. We <b>recall reaffirm our commitment to fully implement</b> the outcomes of <b>all</b> major UN conferences and summits which have laid a solid foundation for sustainable development and have helped to shape the new Agenda. These include the Rio Declaration on Environment and Development; the Millennium Declaration; the World Summit on Sustainable Development; the World Summit for Social Development; and the United Nations Conference on Sustainable Development (“Rio+ 20”) and its follow-up; <b>the Monterrey Consensus of the International Conference on Financing for Development; the Doha Declaration on Financing for Development; the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development, the Beijing Declaration and Platform for Action, and their subsequent</b></p>	<p>It is important that the Declaration “reaffirms” instead of only “recalling” the commitment to implement the outcomes of the UN Conferences. It is important to refer to outcomes that refer to other dimensions of sustainable development.</p>

	<p><b>reviews, the Incheon Declaration on Education, the UN Declaration on the Right of Indigenous Peoples among others.</b></p>	
<p>16. The challenges and commitments contained in these major conferences and summits are interrelated and call for integrated solutions. To address them effectively, a new approach is needed. Sustainable development recognizes that eradicating poverty and inequality, preserving the planet and creating sustained and inclusive economic growth are linked to each other and are interdependent</p>	<p>16. The challenges and commitments contained in these major conferences and summits are interrelated and call for integrated solutions. To address them effectively, a new approach is needed. Sustainable development recognizes that eradicating poverty and inequality, <b>in all its forms, respecting, protecting and fulfilling the human rights of all people</b>, preserving the planet and creating <b>sustained sustainable</b> and inclusive economic <b>growth development</b> are linked to each other and are interdependent.</p>	<p>The proposed changes reinforce the call for a new sustainable development model that addresses poverty, inequality, human rights and the planet at its core.</p>
<p><b>The new Agenda</b></p> <p>17. We are announcing today 17 Sustainable Development Goals with 169 associated targets which are integrated and indivisible. Never before have world leaders pledged common action and endeavour across such a broad and universal policy agenda. We are setting out together on the path towards sustainable <b>and inclusive</b> development, devoting ourselves collectively to the pursuit of global development and of “win-win” cooperation which can bring huge gains to all countries and all parts of the world. We will implement the Agenda for the full benefit of all, for today’s generation and for future generations. In doing so, we reaffirm our commitment to international law and emphasize that the</p>	<p>17. We are announcing today 17 Sustainable Development Goals with 169 associated targets which are integrated and indivisible. Never before have world leaders pledged common action and endeavour across such a broad and universal policy agenda. We are setting out together on the path towards sustainable <b>and inclusive</b> development, devoting ourselves collectively to the pursuit of global development and of “win-win” cooperation which can will bring huge gains to all countries, <b>all peoples</b>, and all parts of the world. We will implement the Agenda <b>with the participation and</b> for the full benefit of all, for today’s generation and for future generations. In doing so, we reaffirm our commitment to international law and emphasize that the Agenda is to be implemented in a manner that is consistent with <b>all human rights and fundamental freedoms and</b> the rights <b>of people</b> and <b>with the rights and</b> obligations of</p>	<p>We welcome the reference to the integration and indivisibility of the goals and targets as well as to the universality of the agenda.</p> <p>Some proposals try to mirror the participation element reflected in the preamble.</p> <p>It is critical to refer to the rights of people and not only of states.</p>

<p>Agenda is to be implemented in a manner that is consistent with the rights and obligations of states under international law.</p>	<p>states under international law.</p>	
<p>18. This is an Agenda which encompasses all human rights. It will work to ensure that human rights and fundamental freedoms are enjoyed by all without discrimination on grounds of race, colour, sex, age, language, religion, culture, migratory status, political or other opinion, national or social origin, economic situation, birth, disability or other status.</p>	<p>18. This is an Agenda which encompasses all human rights. It will work to ensure that human rights and fundamental freedoms are enjoyed by all without discrimination on any grounds, including of race, colour, <b>ethnicity</b>, sex, gender, <b>sexual orientation and gender identity</b>, age, language, religion, culture, migratory status, political or other opinion, national or social origin, economic situation, <b>birth, marital status, occupation, geographic location, pregnancy status, HIV or health status</b>, disability or other status.</p>	<p>We welcome the strong wording on human rights, fundamental freedoms and non-discrimination in this paragraph and in particular the addition at the end of 'other status', through which the exclusion of any other vulnerable groups can be avoided. The proposed amendments reinforce an inclusive agenda that seeks to "leave no one behind".</p>

<p>19. Working for gender equality and the empowerment of women and girls will make a crucial contribution to progress across all the goals and targets. The achievement of full human potential and of sustainable development is not possible if one half of humanity continues to be denied its full human rights and opportunities. Women and girls must enjoy equal access to education, economic resources and political participation as well as equal opportunities with men and boys for employment and leadership. All forms of gender inequality, discrimination and violence against women and children, both boys and girls, will be combatted.</p>	<p>19. <b>Working for Achieving</b> gender equality, <b>the human rights of all women and girls and their empowerment of women will be make</b> a crucial contribution to progress across all the goals and targets <b>and must be addressed in a cross-cutting way throughout the sustainable development agenda.</b> The achievement of full human potential and of sustainable development is not possible if one half of humanity continues to be denied its full human rights and opportunities <b>and if we continue to ignore the structural causes of gender inequality.</b> Women and girls must enjoy <b>their rights to equal</b> access to education, economic resources <b>including their rights to land and inheritance</b>, and political participation as well as equal opportunities with men and boys for employment, <b>decent work and social protection</b>, and leadership. <b>Women's and girls' burden of unpaid care work will be reduced and redistributed. Their sexual and reproductive rights must be respected, protected and fulfilled.</b> All forms of gender inequality, discrimination and violence against all women and children, both boys and girls, including harmful practices such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation, will be <del>combated</del> <b>eliminated.</b></p>	<p>We strongly endorse the inclusion of a standalone paragraph on gender equality. We propose language that reinforces the commitment towards the protection of women's rights.</p> <p>We welcome the reference to the need for equal access to economic resources and political participation. The paragraph should be clear in affirming that gender equality is necessary for achieving all goals and targets.</p>
<p>20. The new goals and targets will come into effect on 1 January 2016 and will guide the decisions we take over the next fifteen years. All of us will work to implement the Agenda within our own countries and at the regional and global levels. We will at the same time take into account different national realities,</p>	<p>20. The new goals and targets will come into effect on 1 January 2016 and will guide the decisions we take over the next fifteen years. All of us will work to implement the Agenda within our own countries and at the regional and global levels. We will at the same time take into account different national realities, capacities and levels of development. We will respect national policies and priorities and</p>	<p>References to economic growth must be balanced with sustainable economic development to be aligned with the ambition to create a people and planet-centred agenda and fails to address systemic change</p>

<p>capacities and levels of development. We will respect national policies and priorities and provide adequate policy space for economic growth, in particular for developing states. We acknowledge also the importance of the regional and sub-regional dimensions: regional and sub-regional frameworks can facilitate the effective translation of sustainable development policies into concrete action at national level.</p>	<p>provide adequate policy space for <b>sustainable and inclusive</b> economic <b>growth development</b>, in particular for developing states. <b>International cooperation will support developing countries in aligning national policies to the new Agenda.</b> We acknowledge also the importance of the regional and sub-regional dimensions: regional and sub-regional frameworks can facilitate <b>and contribute significantly to</b> the effective translation of sustainable development policies into concrete action at national level.</p>	
<p>21. Each country faces specific challenges in its pursuit of sustainable development. The most vulnerable countries and, in particular, African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing states deserve special attention, as do countries in situations of conflict. There are also serious challenges within many middle-income countries.</p>		
<p>22. Vulnerable sections of the population who must be empowered, and whose needs are reflected in the goals and targets, include children, youth, persons with disabilities and older persons; the needs of others who are vulnerable, such as migrants and indigenous peoples, are also reflected. People living in areas affected by conflict, terrorism and complex humanitarian emergencies are also experiencing severe challenges.</p>	<p>22 <b>The new agenda commits to respect, protect and fulfill the human rights of all and to eliminate discrimination against the marginalized.</b> Vulnerable sections of the population who must be empowered, and whose needs are reflected in the goals and targets include children, <b>adolescents</b>, youth, persons with disabilities <b>and</b> older persons; <b>people living with HIV and AIDS and people of diverse sexual orientations or gender identities</b>; the needs of others who are vulnerable, such as migrants and indigenous peoples, <b>refugees and those displaced by conflict</b> and others who are socially excluded</p>	<p>We welcome a paragraph that commits to vulnerable sections of the population. The proposed amendments will make this commitment stronger and cleared for implementation.</p>



	<p>are also reflected. People living in areas affected by conflict, terrorism and complex humanitarian emergencies are also experiencing severe challenges that must be addressed.</p>	
<p>23. We commit to providing quality education at all levels – early childhood, primary, secondary and tertiary. All people irrespective of gender, age, race or ethnicity, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples, children and youth in vulnerable situations, should have access to learning that helps them acquire the knowledge and skills needed to exploit opportunities and to participate fully in society. We will strive to provide children and youth with a nurturing environment for the full realization of their rights and capabilities, including through supportive families, schools and stronger communities.</p>	<p>23. We commit to providing <b>inclusive, free, public and equitable</b> quality education at all levels - early childhood, primary, secondary and tertiary <b>and to promote life-long learning for all</b>. All people irrespective of gender, age, race, <b>marital status</b> or ethnicity, <b>health condition or any other status</b>, persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples, <b>migrants</b>, and children, <b>adolescents</b> and youth in vulnerable situations, should have access to <b>quality</b> learning that <b>helps enables</b> them <b>to</b> acquire the knowledge and skills needed to <b>reach their full potential exploit opportunities, live sustainable and healthy lifestyles</b> and to participate fully in society. We will strive to <b>provide empower</b> children and youth <b>and to provide</b> them with a nurturing, <b>safe</b> environment for the full realization of their rights and capabilities, including through supportive families, schools and stronger communities. <b>We commit to ensure their active participation in decision-making processes.</b></p>	<p>Proposals seek to align the paragraph with the Goal language. Adult literacy cannot be forgotten in this paragraph.</p>
<p>24. To extend healthy life expectancy for all, we must achieve universal health coverage. No one must be left behind. We commit to accelerating the progress made to date in reducing infant, child and maternal mortality by ending all preventable deaths of infants, children and pregnant women by 2030. We</p>	<p>24. <b>To achieve the new Agenda, the human right to the highest attainable standard of physical and mental health must be fulfilled for all.</b> To extend healthy life expectancy for all, <b>ensure healthy lives and promote wellbeing for all</b> we must achieve universal health coverage <b>and equitable access to health services for all</b>. No one must be left behind. We commit to accelerating the progress made</p>	<p>We welcome the commitment made by this agenda to achieving universal health coverage, recognition of the importance of tackling non-communicable diseases. The amendments proposed seek to align the text with pre-existing commitments, including with the human right to health.</p>

<p>are committed to ensuring universal access to sexual and reproductive health care services, including for family planning, information and education. We will equally accelerate the pace of progress made in fighting malaria, HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, hepatitis and other communicable diseases and epidemics. At the same time we are committed to devoting greater effort to tackling non-communicable diseases.</p>	<p>to date in reducing infant, child and maternal mortality by ending all preventable deaths of infants, children and pregnant women by 2030 <b>as well as achieving the international targets on maternal and child nutrition.</b> We are committed to ensuring universal access to sexual and reproductive health care services, including for family planning, information and <b>comprehensive sexuality</b> education. <b>We will ensure accessibility for persons with disabilities to healthcare services.</b> We will equally accelerate the pace of progress made in fighting malaria, HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, hepatitis and other communicable diseases and epidemics. At the same time we are committed to devoting greater effort to tackling non-communicable diseases. <b>We recognize and support the role of communities in providing health care, in particular to marginalized populations.</b></p> <p><b>24 bis - We commit to eliminate hunger and all forms of malnutrition and ensure food security for all people, especially children. We will adopt policies that assure sustainable access to nutritious food for the most vulnerable people, especially those living in conflict and disaster prone settings. Ending hunger, achieving food security and eliminating malnutrition is not only an outcome of poverty reduction but investments in food security and good nutrition are the very foundation upon which sustainable development and national economic development are built.</b></p>	
<p>25. We will seek to build strong economic foundations for all our countries. Sustained,</p>	<p>25. We will seek to build strong economic foundations for all our countries. <b>Sustainable sustained and</b> inclusive <b>and—sustainable</b></p>	<p>We strongly support the call for “wealth to be shared through progressive policies aimed at redistribution”.</p>

<p>inclusive and sustainable economic growth is essential for prosperity. This will only be possible if wealth is shared through progressive policies aimed at redistribution. We will work to build dynamic, sustainable and people-centred economies, promoting youth employment in particular and decent work for all. All countries stand to benefit from having a healthy and well-educated workforce with the knowledge and skills needed for productive and fulfilling work and full participation in society. We will therefore adopt policies which increase productivity and productive employment, financial inclusion, agricultural and industrial development, sustainable transport systems and modern energy provision and which build resilient infrastructure.</p>	<p>economic <b>growth development</b> is essential <b>for human dignity</b> and prosperity. <b>We commit to share wealth This will only be possible if wealth is shared</b> through progressive policies aimed at redistribution <b>and if the multi-dimensional root causes of poverty are addressed</b>. We will work to build dynamic, sustainable and people-centred economies, promoting youth employment in particular and decent work for all <b>and ending child labour in all its forms</b>. All countries stand to benefit from having a healthy and well-educated workforce with the knowledge and skills needed for productive and fulfilling work and full participation in society. We will therefore adopt policies which increase productivity and productive employment <b>and ensure decent work, financial inclusion, social protection floors, sustainable</b> agricultural and industrial development, sustainable transport systems and <b>sustainable</b> modern energy provision and which build resilient infrastructure.</p>	<p>We propose strengthening language around sustainability in this paragraph in the context of economic development, agriculture and energy to ensure these occur without harming the environment.</p>
<p>26. We commit to making fundamental changes in the way that our societies produce and consume goods and services. Governments, international organizations, the business sector, other non-state actors and individuals must contribute to changing unsustainable consumption and production patterns. We commit to implement the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production. All countries should take action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries, through mobilization,</p>	<p>26. We commit to making fundamental changes in the way that our societies produce and consume goods and services. Governments, <b>who are primarily responsible for implementing this agenda, must work with</b> international organizations, the business sector, other non-state actors and individuals <del>must contribute</del> to complete the transition towards changing unsustainable consumption and production patterns. <b>It includes shifting financial flows to discontinue investment in fossil fuels and to increase public financing, transfer of and domestic support for socially and ecologically sound technology and</b></p>	<p>It is important to call upon the private sector to engage on ex ante assessments of their impacts to ensure that their activities do not have harmful consequences for people and the planet.</p>

<p>from all sources, of financial and technical assistance and capacity-building for developing countries.</p>	<p><b>investments in low-carbon solutions in all relevant sectors.</b> We commit to implement the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production. All countries should take action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the different levels of development and capabilities of developing countries, through mobilization, from all sources, of financial and technical assistance and capacity-building for developing countries.</p> <p><b>26 bis: We recognize that all countries - especially those with greatest power and resources - have impacts on sustainable development beyond their borders, and therefore we pledge to ensure that all policies - including tax, trade, macroeconomic and aid policies - are consistent with the goal of creating a global enabling environment for equitable sustainable development in all countries.</b></p>	
<p>27. We will address decisively the threat posed by climate change and environmental degradation. The global nature of climate change calls for the widest possible international cooperation aimed at accelerating the reduction of global greenhouse gas emissions. Looking ahead to the COP 21 conference in Paris in December, we underscore the responsibility of all States to work for a meaningful and universal climate agreement which will stabilize greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere at a</p>	<p>27. We will address decisively the threat posed by climate change and environmental degradation. The global nature of climate change calls for the widest possible international cooperation aimed <b>at holding the increase in global average temperature below 2° C, or 1.5° C above pre-industrial levels by</b> accelerating the phase-out <del>the reduction</del> of global greenhouse gas emissions <b>with a view to globally closing the emission gap by 2020 and phasing out carbon emissions by</b></p>	<p>This paragraph must recognise the role of the post-2015 Agenda in tackling climate change while sending an ambitious signal to COP21. We strongly urge the inclusion of references to temperature targets of 1.5°C or 2°C as this will provide a baseline for the implementation of a climate-sensitive post-2015 development agenda. Also, the declaration should signal the commitment to assist the most vulnerable states to adapt to climate change impacts.</p>

<p>level that would prevent dangerous anthropogenic interference with the climate system.</p>	<p><b>2050.</b> Looking ahead to the COP21 conference in Paris in December, we underscore the responsibility of all States to work for a meaningful and universal climate agreement which will stabilize greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere at a level that would prevent dangerous anthropogenic interference with the climate system, <b>and which will support climate adaptation and addressing loss and damage, especially in particularly vulnerable developing countries, recognizing that the poorest will be hit the hardest by climate change impacts.</b></p>	
<p>28. We are determined also to conserve and sustainably use oceans and seas, protect biodiversity, ecosystems and wildlife, promote sustainable tourism, tackle water scarcity, desertification, land degradation and drought and promote resilience and disaster risk reduction.</p>	<p>28. <b>We recognize that nature and the services it provides underpin the economy, human development and quality of life.</b> We are determined also to conserve and sustainably use oceans and seas, <b>rivers, forests and mountains</b>, protect biodiversity, ecosystems and wildlife, promote sustainable tourism, tackle water scarcity, <b>pollution</b>, desertification, land degradation and drought and promote resilience and disaster risk reduction. <b>We will also promote sustainable agriculture, fisheries and food systems; foster sustainable management of water resources and of waste and hazardous chemicals and decouple economic growth from environmental degradation.</b></p>	<p>We recommend expanding this paragraph to other environmental dimensions.</p>
<p>29. We recognize that sustainable urban development and management are crucial to the quality of life of our people. We will work with local authorities and communities to</p>	<p>29. We recognize that sustainable urban development and management are crucial to the quality of life of our people. We will work with local authorities and communities to renew and plan our cities and human settlements so as to foster community cohesion and personal</p>	<p>Our proposal aims to highlight that cities can provide significant solutions to mitigate climate change through more renewable energies.</p>

<p>renew and plan our cities and human settlements so as to foster community cohesion and personal security and to stimulate innovation and employment. We will reduce the negative impacts of urban activities, including through the safe management and use of chemicals, the reduction and recycling of waste and more efficient use of water and energy. And we will work to minimize the impact of cities on the global climate system. We will also take account of population trends and projections in our national, rural and urban development strategies and policies</p>	<p>security and to stimulate innovation and employment. We will reduce the negative impacts of urban activities, including through the safe management and use of chemicals, the reduction, <b>reuse</b>, and recycling of waste and more efficient use of water and energy <b>and shifting to sustainable renewable energies. We will advance sustainable industrialization and resilient infrastructure.</b> And we will work to minimize the impact of cities on the global climate system <b>and ensure that they are climate and disaster resilient.</b> We will also take account of population trends and projections in our national, rural and urban development strategies and policies.</p>	
<p>30. Sustainable development cannot be realized without peace; and peace will be at risk without sustainable development. The new Agenda recognizes the need to build peaceful, just and inclusive societies that provide access to justice and that are based on respect for human rights (including the right to development), on effective rule of law and on effective and accountable institutions. Factors which give rise to violence, insecurity and injustice, such as corruption, poor governance and illicit financial and arms flows, are addressed in the Agenda. We must redouble our efforts to resolve or prevent conflict and to support countries emerging from conflict situations. We commit to remove the obstacles to the full realization of the right of self-determination of peoples living under colonial and foreign occupation, which</p>	<p>30. Sustainable development cannot be realized without peace; and peace will be at risk without sustainable <b>and inclusive</b> development. The new Agenda recognizes the need to build peaceful, <b>participatory</b>, just and inclusive societies <b>free from all forms of violence and oppression</b> that provide access to justice and that are based on respect for, <b>protection and fulfillment of all human rights</b> (including the right to development), on effective rule of law and on effective and accountable institutions. Factors which give rise to violence, insecurity and injustice, such as <b>inequality</b>, corruption, poor governance and illicit financial and arms flows, <b>human rights violations and unsustainable resource use</b>, are addressed in the Agenda. <b>We commit to prevent and end all forms of violence against children to create a basis for long term human progress and stability.</b> We <b>must will</b></p>	<p>We welcome the inclusion of references to access to justice as well as of illicit financial and arms flows as factors that give rise to violence, insecurity and injustice.</p> <p>Para 30bis brings essential elements for the implementation of the new, people-centered agenda.</p>



<p>continue to adversely affect their economic and social development as well as their environment</p>	<p>redouble our efforts to resolve or prevent conflict and to support countries emerging from conflict situations. We commit to remove the obstacles to the full realization of the right of self-determination of peoples living under colonial and foreign occupation, which continue to adversely affect their economic and social development as well as their environment.</p> <p><b>30 bis. We recommit to protect freedom of association, expression, assembly and political participation and to ensure an enabling environment for an empowered civil society as central agents in translating the post-2015 development agenda and other commitments on sustainable development into reality.</b></p>	
<p>31. We pledge to foster inter-cultural understanding, tolerance, mutual respect and an ethic of global citizenship and shared responsibility. We acknowledge the natural and cultural diversity of the world and recognize that all cultures and civilizations can contribute to sustainable development. We recognize the growing contribution of sport to the realization of development and peace. In its promotion of tolerance and respect and the contributions it makes to the empowerment of individuals and communities as well as to health, education and social inclusion objectives, sport is an important enabler of sustainable development</p>	<p>31. We pledge to foster inter-cultural understanding, tolerance, mutual respect and an ethic of global citizenship and shared responsibility. We acknowledge the natural and cultural diversity of the world and recognize that all cultures and civilizations can contribute to sustainable development <b>and the full realization of human rights and fundamental freedoms for all.</b> We recognize the growing contribution of sport to the realization of development and peace. In its promotion of tolerance and respect and the contributions it makes to the empowerment of individuals and communities as well as to health, education and social inclusion objectives, sport is an important enabler of sustainable development.</p>	

## Implementation

32. The new Agenda deals also with the means required for implementation of the goals and targets. We recognize that these will involve the mobilization of financial resources as well as capacity-building, the transfer of technologies as mutually agreed and a wide range of other supportive policies and measures. Public finance, both domestic and international, will play a vital role in providing essential services and public goods and in catalyzing other sources of finance. Business, the private sector and philanthropic organizations will also make important contributions to resource mobilization and implementation of the Agenda.

32. The new Agenda deals also with the means required for implementation of the goals and targets. We recognize that these will involve the mobilization of financial resources as well as capacity-building, the transfer of **environmentally sound** technologies as mutually agreed and a wide range of other supportive policies and measures **such as the elimination of environmentally harmful subsidies**. Public finance, both domestic and international, **including progressive taxation**, will play a vital role in providing essential services and public goods and in catalyzing other sources of finance. Business, the private sector and philanthropic organizations will also make important contributions to resource mobilization and implementation of the Agenda **and commit to establish appropriate accountability measures to ensure their compliance with human rights, labor rights and standards and environmental standards in this regard**.

**32bis – We recognise the relevance of the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights to the new Agenda and commit to their implementation in pursuing the SDGs at national and global levels.**

**32bter – We are committed to enhance the participation and effective engagement of civil society and other relevant stakeholders in the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development.**

**32 quart – We commit to allocate funds to increase the capacity of people and their organizations to support in the**

	<b>implementation and follow up of the post-2015 agenda, including by setting up a specific international fund at the United Nations for this purpose.</b>	
33. We welcome and endorse fully the outcome document of the Third International Conference on Financing for Development, held in Addis Ababa from 13-16 July 2015.	33. We welcome and endorse fully the <b>Addis Ababa Action Agenda</b> <del>outcome document of the Third International Conference on Financing for Development, held in Addis Ababa from 13-16 July 2015</del> <b>and commit to fully implement it as part of the means of implementation and in a way that contributes to the achievement of this Agenda.</b>	This paragraph lacks a commitment that links the FfD as part of the means of implementation of the post-2015 outcome documents.
34. Official Development Assistance remains important in supporting the sustainable development needs of countries and regions, in particular African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing states. We shall accelerate full implementation of the Istanbul Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries, the Small Island Developing States Accelerated Modalities of Action (SAMOA) Pathway, the Vienna Programme of Action for Land-Locked Developing Countries, the African Union's Agenda 2063 and the programme of the New Partnership for Africa's Development (NEPAD).	34. Official Development Assistance remains important <b>component</b> in supporting the sustainable development needs of countries and regions, in particular African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing states. We shall accelerate full implementation of the Istanbul Programme of Action for the Least Developed Countries, the Small Island Developing States Accelerated Modalities of Action (SAMOA) Pathway, the Vienna Programme of Action for Land-Locked Developing Countries, the African Union's Agenda 2063 and the programme of the New Partnership for Africa's Development (NEPAD).	This paragraph should acknowledge that moving from low income to middle income classifications does not mean reduction in the number of people living in poverty, nor does it mean that social inequalities have been addressed, nor that governments necessarily have the resources to comprehensively address their peoples' needs. As such, ODA remains critical for Middle Income Countries.  The addition recognizes that ODA is one part of a balanced approach to development – it must not come at the expense of other financial resources, or innovative redistributive funding mechanisms
35. We recognize the central role that science, technology and innovation play in enabling the international community to	35. We recognize the central role that science, <b>accessible</b> technology and innovation play in enabling the international community to respond to sustainable development challenges. We recognize the power of	Accessible technology is a key principle for persons with disabilities in order to ensure their participation. Indigenous knowledge systems and technologies are ways in which the Means of Implementation also address indigenous

<p>respond to sustainable development challenges. We recognize the power of communications technologies, technical cooperation and capacity-building for sustainable development. We commit to strengthen the role of the science-policy interface in environmental governance.</p>	<p><b>accessible</b> communications technologies, technical cooperation and capacity-building for sustainable development. <b>We also reaffirm the importance of endogenous and indigenous knowledge systems and technologies, which are proven pathways for sustainability and must be encouraged and protected.</b> We commit to strengthen the role of the science-policy interface in environmental governance.</p>	<p>peoples human rights and promote sustainable development processes.</p>
<p>36. We are committed to an open, well-functioning, equitable and rules-based multilateral trading system for the realization of the new Agenda. We resolve to work together to enhance macro-economic and financial stability through improved policy coordination and coherence. We resolve to reach early agreement in the Doha Development Round of trade negotiations. We attach great importance to providing trade-related capacity-building for least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing states.</p>	<p>36. We are committed to an open, well-functioning, equitable and rules-based multilateral trading system for the realization of the new Agenda <b>that is aligned with human rights and sustainable development standards.</b> We resolve to work together to enhance macro-economic and financial stability and <b>the regulation of global financial flows</b> through improved policy coordination and coherence. <del>We resolve to reach early agreement in the Doha Development Round of trade negotiations.</del> We attach great importance to providing trade-related capacity-building for least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing states.</p>	<p>The scope of issues in negotiation at the Doha Round has long ago strayed from its purported development purpose. A conclusion to the Doha deal is not enough and the commitment should include the adjustments to current trade rules to make the international trading system compatible with member states required policy space to comply with their human rights obligations.</p>
<p>37. We recognize that international migration is a multi-dimensional reality of major relevance for the development of countries of origin, transit and destination, and that coherent and comprehensive responses are required. We will cooperate internationally to ensure safe, orderly and regular migration involving full respect for human rights and the</p>	<p>37. We recognize that international migration is a multi-dimensional reality of major relevance for the development of countries of origin, transit and destination, and that coherent and comprehensive responses are required. We will cooperate internationally to ensure safe, orderly and regular migration involving full respect for human <b>and labour</b> rights and the <b>humane fair</b> treatment of migrants, refugees and displaced persons.</p>	<p>We welcome the reference to the rights of migrants, refugees and displaced persons. The need to ensure the labour rights of migrant workers is one of the core elements spelled out in the target 8.8 and therefore could be recognized as part of the paragraph on migration. Similarly, “humane” treatment sets a very low bar for addressing the situation migrants, refugees and displaced persons and is not compatible with the agenda’s level of ambition so we suggest replacing it with the</p>

<p>humane treatment of migrants, refugees and displaced persons.</p>		<p>word “fair.</p>
<p>38. We recognize the role of the family as a contributor to sustainable development; one measure of success of the new Agenda will be its ability to strengthen and protect all families.</p>	<p>38. We recognize the role of <del>the family</del> <b>families</b> as <del>a</del> contributors to sustainable development; one measure of success of the new Agenda will be its ability to <del>strengthen</del> <b>support</b> and protect all families <b>in their various forms and ensure equality and non-discrimination within them and the fulfilment of the rights of all their members.</b></p>	<p>This paragraph currently does not recognize that various forms of families exist. This paragraph should be reworked to reflect long-standing international agreements, as well as realities in today’s world where very diverse forms of families and household structures exist in every country.</p>
<p>39. We acknowledge the need for international financial institutions to respect the domestic policy space of all countries, in particular developing countries, least developed countries and small island developing states. We agree to work to increase the representation of developing countries, and their involvement in decision-making, in these institutions.</p>	<p>39. We <del>acknowledge the need for</del> <b>call upon</b> international financial institutions to respect the domestic policy space of all countries, in particular developing countries, least developed countries and small island developing states. We agree to work to increase the representation of developing countries, and their involvement in decision-making, in these institutions.</p>	<p>We consider this paragraph a very important addition to the text.</p>
<p>40. The scale and ambition of the new Agenda calls for a revitalized Global Partnership to implement it. This Partnership will work in a spirit of global solidarity, in particular solidarity with the poorest and with people in vulnerable situations. It will facilitate an intensive global engagement in support of implementation of the goals and targets, bringing together Governments, the private sector, civil society, the United Nations system and other actors and mobilizing all available resources. We commit to pursue</p>	<p>40. The scale and ambition of the new Agenda calls for a revitalized Global Partnership to implement it. This Partnership will work in a spirit of global solidarity, in particular solidarity with <b>and the participation of</b> the poorest and with people in vulnerable situations <b>and the most marginalized.</b> It will facilitate an intensive global engagement in support of implementation of the goals and targets, bringing together Governments, the private sector, civil society, the United Nations system and other actors and mobilizing all available resources. We commit to pursue policy coherence and an enabling environment for sustainable development at all levels and with</p>	<p>This paragraph should reinforce people’s participation in the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development. It is very positive to see policy coherence for sustainable development mentioned.</p>

<p>policy coherence and an enabling environment for sustainable development at all levels and with all actors.</p>	<p>all actors.</p>	
<p>41. We emphasize more generally the critical importance of engaging all relevant stakeholders in implementation of the new Agenda. In particular, we acknowledge the essential role of national parliaments in sustainable development through their enactment of legislation and adoption of budgets and their role in ensuring accountability for the effective implementation of our commitments. Governments and public institutions will also work closely on implementation with regional and sub-regional institutions, local authorities, international institutions, business and the private sector, civil society, academia, philanthropic organizations, volunteer groups and others</p>	<p>41. We emphasize more generally the critical importance of meaningfully engaging <b>and working with</b> all relevant stakeholders and rights holders in implementation of the new Agenda. In particular, we acknowledge the essential role of national parliaments in sustainable development through their enactment of legislation and adoption of budgets and their role in ensuring accountability for the effective implementation of our commitments. <b>We stress the need to ensure the meaningful participation of all people, including the poorest and most marginalized.</b> Governments and public institutions will also work closely on implementation with regional and sub-regional institutions, local authorities, international institutions, business and the private sector, civil society, academia, philanthropic organizations, <b>persons with disabilities,</b> volunteer groups and others <b>with participatory and inclusive approaches. Governments will regulate the role of business, private sector and corporate philanthropies in implementing the new Agenda to ensure accountability and compliance with human rights, labor rights and standards, gender equality and environmental standards.</b></p>	<p>We strongly support this paragraph as it highlights the post-2015 as an Agenda for and WITH the people. Proposed changes intend to strengthen language and make clear the commitment to “leave no one behind”. We welcome the recognition of volunteer groups as stakeholders in the implementation of the Agenda.</p>
<p><b>Follow-up and review</b></p> <p>42. Our Governments have the primary responsibility for follow-up and review, at the</p>	<p>42. Our Governments have the primary responsibility for follow-up, <b>and</b> review, <b>and accountability</b> at the national, regional and global levels, in relation to the progress made in implementing the goals and targets over the</p>	<p>The additional paragraph seeks to reinforce the principle of universality.</p>



<p>national, regional and global levels, in relation to the progress made in implementing the goals and targets over the coming fifteen years. To support this accountability, provision has been made – and is detailed below – for systematic follow-up and review of implementation at the various levels</p>	<p>coming fifteen years. To support this accountability, provision has been made – and is detailed below – for systematic follow-up and review of implementation at <b>the various all three</b> levels.</p>	
<p>43. Indicators are being developed to assist this work. Quality disaggregated data will be needed to help with the measurement of progress beyond GDP and to ensure that no one is left behind. We agree to intensify our efforts to strengthen statistical capacities in developing countries, particularly least developed countries, landlocked developing countries, small island developing states and other countries in special situations.</p>	<p>43. Indicators are being developed to assist this work, <b>which will match the level of ambition contained within all the sustainable development goals and its targets.</b> Quality disaggregated data by <b>age, sex, gender, geography, income level, race and ethnicity, and disability, at a minimum,</b> will be needed to help with the measurement of progress beyond GDP and to ensure that no one is left behind. <b>All goals will be properly and timely measured and monitored by States with the participation of people, civil society and other stakeholders.</b> We agree to intensify our efforts to strengthen statistical capacities in developing countries, particularly least developed countries, landlocked developing countries, small island developing states, countries experiencing conflict, and other countries in special situations.</p>	<p>It is positive to see a reference to alternative measures of progress that go “beyond GDP”. A straightforward focus on measuring progress through an economic indicator does not capture equality, well-being and environmental degradation and therefore cannot reflect a holistic vision of sustainable development.</p> <p>Disaggregated indicators will help the aim to leave no one behind, and to ensure that the goals will be met for everyone. It should be ensured that the choice of indicators does not lead to a de facto ‘renegotiation’ of the targets.</p>
<p><b>A call for action to change our world</b></p> <p>44. Seventy years ago, an earlier generation of world leaders came together to create the United Nations. From the ashes of war and division they fashioned this Organization and the values of peace, dialogue and international cooperation which underpin it.</p>	<p><b>44 bis – We will spare no effort to make the United Nations an effective instrument to support Member States in the implementation and follow up of this ambitious Agenda. We will ensure that the Organization is provided on a timely and predictable basis with the resources it needs to carry out its mandates.</b></p>	

<p>The supreme embodiment of those values is the Charter of the United Nations.</p>		
<p>45. Today we are taking a decision of comparable significance. Ours can be the first generation to succeed in ending poverty; just as we are the last to have a chance of saving the planet. We have resolved to build a better future for millions of people in our world, millions who have been denied the chance to lead decent, dignified and rewarding lives and to achieve their full human potential. The world will be a better place in 2030 if we succeed in our objectives</p>	<p>45. Today we are taking a decision of comparable significance. Ours can be the first generation to succeed in <b>fully realizing the enjoyment of human rights and fundamental freedoms for all people without distinction of any kind</b>, ending poverty <b>in all its forms, and starting a path towards the redistribution of wealth, power and resources for a more equitable, just and sustainable world</b>; just as we are the last to have a chance of saving the planet. We have resolved to build a better future for millions of people in our world, millions who have been denied the chance to lead decent, dignified and rewarding lives and to achieve their full human potential. The world will be a better place in 2030 if we succeed in our objectives.</p>	<p>The inspiration reflected in this paragraph should include the protection and fulfillment of all human rights.</p>

<p>46. What we are announcing today – an agenda for global action for the next fifteen years – is a charter for people and planet in the twenty-first century. Young people, in particular, will find in the new Goals a platform to enable them to become positive agents for change and to channel their infinite capacities for activism into the creation of a better world</p>	<p>46. What we are announcing today – an agenda for global action for the next fifteen years – is a charter for people and planet in the twenty-first century. <b>Children and</b> Young people, in particular, <b>are critical agents for change and</b> will find in the new Goals a <b>stronger</b> platform <del>to enable them to become positive agents for change and from which</del> to channel their infinite capacities for activism into the creation of a better world. <b>Children's and young people's ability to be positive agents of change depends on the investments we are willing to make in their health, nutrition, education, safety, protection and well-being starting in early childhood through adolescence and young adulthood and thus ensuring that no child is left behind.</b></p>	<p>This paragraph should emphasise that investing in children and youth is needed to empower them as agents of change.</p>
<p>47. “We the Peoples” are the celebrated opening words of the UN Charter. It is “We the Peoples” who are embarking today on the road to 2030. Our journey will involve Governments, Parliaments, the UN system and other international institutions, local authorities, business and the private sector, the scientific and academic community, civil society – and ordinary citizens. Millions have already engaged with, and will own, this agenda. It is an agenda of the people, by the people and for the people – and this, we believe, will ensure its success.</p>		<p>We strongly support this paragraph and the message that this is an agenda “of the people, by the people and for the people”.</p>

<p>48. The future of humanity and of our planet lies in our hands. It lies also in the hands of today's younger generation, who will pass the torch to future generations. We have mapped the road to sustainable development; it will be for all of us to ensure that the journey is irreversible.</p>	<p>48. The <b>responsibility for the</b> future of humanity and of our planet lies in our hands. It lies also in the hands of today's younger generation, who will pass the torch to future generations. We have mapped the road to sustainable development; it will be for all of us to ensure that the journey is irreversible.</p>	
<p><b>Sustainable Development Goals and targets</b></p> <p>49. Following an inclusive process of intergovernmental negotiations, and based on the Proposal of the Open Working Group on Sustainable Development Goals<sup>1</sup>, the following are the Goals and targets which we have agreed</p>		
<p>50. The SDGs and targets are integrated and indivisible, global in nature and universally applicable, taking into account different national realities, capacities and levels of development and respecting national policies and priorities. Targets are defined as aspirational and global, with each government setting its own national targets guided by the global level of ambition but taking into account national circumstances.</p>	<p>50. The SDGs and targets are integrated and indivisible, global in nature and universally applicable, taking into account different national realities, capacities and levels of development and respecting national policies and priorities. <b>We will work towards the achievement of all the goals and targets.</b> Targets are defined as aspirational and global, with each government <b>complementing them by</b> setting its own national targets guided by the global level of ambition but taking into account national circumstances.</p>	<p>Changes proposed aim to give greater clarity to the meaning of "universality".</p>
<p>51. It is important to recognize the link between sustainable development and other relevant ongoing processes such as the United Nations Framework Convention on</p>		

<p>Climate Change, the Convention on Biological Diversity, the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification in Countries Experiencing Serious Drought and/or Desertification, Particularly in Africa, the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030 and the United Nations Forum on Forests</p>		
<p>52. We encourage ongoing efforts by states in other fora to address key issues which pose potential challenges to the implementation of our Agenda; and we respect the independent mandates of those processes. We intend that the Agenda and its implementation would support, and be without prejudice to, those other processes and the decisions taken therein</p>		
<p><b>Means of implementation and the Global Partnership</b></p> <p>53. We welcome and endorse fully the Addis Ababa Action Agenda of the Third International Conference on Financing for Development, held in Addis Ababa from 13-16 July 2015. This is included in Annex 2. [The post-2015 development agenda, including the Sustainable Development Goals, can be met within the framework of a revitalized global partnership for sustainable development, supported by the concrete policies and actions as outlined in the Addis Ababa Action Agenda</p>		

<p>54. [We hereby launch a Technology Facilitation Mechanism in order to support the sustainable development goals, as agreed in the Addis Ababa Action Agenda].</p>		<p>We welcome and support the launching of the Technology Facilitation Mechanism.</p>
<p>55. The following are the means of implementation targets which are an integral part of the Sustainable Development Goals and targets.</p>	<p><b>55. bis - Successful implementation will also depend on public awareness of the goals and the targets. We will, between now and 2030, take action at local, national, regional and global level to increase public awareness of critical issues framed by the SDGs. All people, starting with children, will be provided the opportunity to learn about the SDGs so that they can take action in their communities.</b></p>	
<p><b>Follow-up and Review</b></p> <p>56. A robust, effective, inclusive and transparent follow-up and review framework, operating at the national, regional and global levels, will help countries to maximize progress in implementing this Agenda and will promote accountability to our citizens. It will also foster exchanges of best practices and mutual learning, mobilize support to overcome shared challenges and identify new and emerging issues. As this is a universal agenda, mutual trust and understanding among all nations will be important</p>	<p>56. A robust, effective, inclusive and transparent follow-up and review framework, operating at the national, regional and global levels, will help countries to maximize progress in implementing this Agenda <b>and will shall</b> promote accountability to our citizens <b>and will be essential for the success of the goals</b>. It will also foster exchanges of best practices and mutual learning, mobilize support to overcome shared challenges and identify new and emerging issues. As this is a universal agenda, mutual trust and understanding among all nations will be important.</p>	<p>The amendment proposed comes from the Chapeau to the OWG report (para 14) and reinforces the importance of the follow up and review framework to the success of the new agenda.</p>
<p>57. Follow-up and review processes shall be guided by the following principles:</p>	<p>57. Follow-up and review processes shall be guided by the following principles:</p>	<p>We broadly welcome the principles for follow-up and review in paragraph 57, including the additions of the three dimensions of sustainable development and the emphasis on transparency, inclusion and participation.</p>



<p>a. They will be voluntary and country-owned, will take into account different national realities, capacities and levels of development and will respect national policies and priorities. As national ownership is key to achieving sustainable development, outcomes from national-level processes will be the foundation for reviews at regional and global levels.</p> <p>b. They will address progress in implementing the goals and targets, including the means of implementation, in a manner which respects their integrated and inter-related nature and the three dimensions of sustainable development.</p> <p>c. They will maintain a longer-term orientation, identify achievements and critical success factors, support countries in making informed policy choices, mobilize the necessary means of implementation and partnerships, support the identification of solutions and best practices and promote coordination of the international development system.</p> <p>d. They will be open, inclusive and transparent, and support the participation of all people and all stakeholders.</p> <p>e. They will build on existing platforms and processes, avoid duplication, respond to national circumstances, evolve over time and minimize the reporting burden on national administrations.</p> <p>f. They will be rigorous and based on evidence, informed by data which is timely, reliable and disaggregated by characteristics relevant in national contexts including</p>	<p>a. They will be <del>voluntary and</del> country-owned, will take into account different national realities, capacities and levels of development and will respect national policies and priorities <b>and international obligations</b>. As national ownership is key to achieving sustainable development, outcomes from national-level processes will be the foundation for reviews at regional and global levels.</p> <p>b. They will address progress in implementing the goals and targets, including the means of implementation, in a manner which respects their integrated and inter-related nature and the three dimensions of sustainable development <b>and the imperative to leave no one behind</b>.</p> <p>c. They will maintain a longer-term orientation, identify achievements and critical success factors, support countries in making informed policy choices, mobilize the necessary means of implementation and partnerships, support the identification of solutions and best practices and promote coordination of the international development system.</p> <p>d. They will be open, inclusive <del>and</del> transparent <b>and accessible</b>, and <b>actively seek and</b> support the participation of all people and all stakeholders, <b>also addressing the barriers to the participation of the most marginalized, including children and youth</b>.</p> <p>e. They will build on existing platforms and processes, <b>including international human rights mechanisms</b>, avoid duplication,</p>	<p>We strongly welcome 57.d and the call for open, inclusive, transparent (and accessible) follow up and review. Proposed amendments aim to reinforce the paragraph and strengthen the commitment to leave no one behind.</p> <p>If “leave no one behind” is a basic principle of the post-2015 outcome document, it must be properly reflected in the follow up and review section. Also important is to reflect the concept of “accessibility” as this is key for the inclusion of persons with disabilities.</p>
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<p>income, sex, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability and geographic location, for which capacity building support to developing countries will be necessary.</p>	<p>respond to national circumstances, evolve over time and minimize the reporting burden on national administrations.</p> <p>f. They will be rigorous and based on evidence <b>to ensure that no one is left behind</b>, informed by data, <b>including from reputable third party entities</b>, which is timely, reliable and disaggregated by characteristics relevant in national contexts including income, sex, age, race, ethnicity, <b>marital status</b>, migratory status, disability and geographic location, for which <b>resources and</b> capacity building support to developing countries will be necessary.</p>	
<p>58. The goals and targets will be followed-up and reviewed using a set of global indicators. These will be complemented by indicators at the regional and national levels which will be developed by member states. The global indicator framework, to be developed by the Inter Agency and Expert Group on SDG Indicators, will be agreed by the UN Statistical Commission and adopted thereafter by the Economic and Social Council and the General Assembly in line with existing mandates. This framework will be simple yet robust, address all SDGs and targets including for means of implementation and preserve the political balance and ambition contained therein.</p>	<p>58. The goals and targets will be followed-up and reviewed using a set of global indicators. These will be complemented by indicators at the regional and national levels which will be developed by member states, <b>in collaboration with the UN System, experts from civil society and academia, among others</b>. The global indicator framework, to be developed by the Inter Agency and Expert Group on SDG Indicators, will be agreed by the UN Statistical Commission and adopted thereafter by the Economic and Social Council and the General Assembly in line with existing mandates. This framework will be simple yet robust, address all SDGs and targets including for means of implementation and preserve the political balance and <b>high level of</b> ambition contained therein.</p>	
<p>59. In order to ensure access to high-quality disaggregated data, support for developing countries, particularly African countries, LDCs, SIDS and LLDCs, to strengthen</p>		

<p>national statistical offices and data systems is critical. We will also promote scaling up public-private cooperation to exploit the contribution to be made by a wide range of data, including geo-spatial information, while ensuring national ownership in supporting and tracking progress</p>		
<p><b>National level</b></p> <p>60. We encourage all member states to develop ambitious national responses to the SDGs and targets. These can support the transition to the SDGs and build on existing planning instruments, such as national development and sustainable development strategies, as appropriate</p>	<p>60. We <b>will</b> <del>encourage all member states to</del> develop, <b>through inclusive and participatory processes,</b> ambitious national sustainable development strategies <del>to</del> <b>addressing all</b> the SDGs and targets.</p>	<p>We would like to see stronger political leadership for national level implementation based on a participatory approach for an overarching sustainable development strategy incorporating all SDGs.</p>
<p>61. We also encourage member states to conduct regular reviews of progress at the national and sub-national levels. Such reviews can benefit from contributions by civil society, the private sector and other actors in line with national circumstances, policies and priorities. National parliaments as well as other institutions can also support these processes</p>	<p>61. We <b>commit</b> also <del>encourage member states</del> to conduct <b>inclusive</b> regular reviews of progress <b>at least every two years</b> at the national and sub-national levels. Such reviews <del>can benefit from</del> <b>should be led by the national government, be transparent and public, benefitting</b> from contributions by civil society, the private sector and other actors <del>in line with national circumstances, policies and priorities.</del> National parliaments as well as other national institutions such as Sustainable Development Councils, <b>National Human Rights Institutions and local authorities can also support these processes.</b></p>	<p>We were concerned to see that earlier recommendations on timelines and participatory processes have disappeared from the text. The amendments seek to align the language with the principles proposed in the beginning of the section. The emphasis on the sub-national level is welcome.</p>
<p><b>Regional level</b></p> <p>62. Follow-up and review at the regional and sub-regional levels can, as appropriate, provide useful opportunities for peer learning,</p>	<p>62. Follow-up and review at the regional and sub-regional levels can, as appropriate, provide useful opportunities for peer <b>review and</b> learning, sharing of best practices, cooperation on trans-boundary issues and</p>	<p>Proposed 62. bis adapted from A/RES/67/290, para 13. This addition will give more content to the Regional level, reinforcing involvement of stakeholders at this level</p>

<p>sharing of best practices, cooperation on trans-boundary issues and discussion on shared targets. Regional processes can draw on national-level reviews and contribute to follow-up and review at the global level, including at the High Level Political Forum on sustainable development (HLPF).</p>	<p>discussion on shared targets. Regional processes can draw on national-level reviews and contribute to follow-up and review at the global level, including at the High Level Political Forum on sustainable development (HLPF).</p> <p><b>62. bis - We invite the United Nations regional commissions to contribute to the work of the forum, including through annual regional meetings, with the involvement of other relevant regional entities, civil society and other relevant stakeholders, as appropriate.</b></p>	
<p>63. Recognizing the importance of building on existing follow-up and review mechanisms at the regional level and allowing adequate policy space, we encourage all member states to identify the most suitable regional forum in which to engage. These efforts will benefit from the support of the relevant UN regional commissions. We encourage the HLPF, under the auspices of the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC), to further discuss follow-up and review at the regional level at its meeting in 2016</p>		
<p><b>Global level</b></p> <p>64. The HLPF will be the apex of a global network of review processes, working coherently with the General Assembly, ECOSOC and other relevant actors, in accordance with existing mandates. It will facilitate sharing of experiences including successes, challenges and lessons learned,</p>	<p>64. The HLPF will be the apex of a global network of review processes, working coherently with the General Assembly, ECOSOC and other relevant actors, in accordance with existing mandates. <b>It shall follow up and review progress in the implementation of all the outcomes of the major United Nations conferences and summits in the economic, social and environmental fields, as well as their respective means of implementation.</b> It will</p>	<p>Language proposed from the HLPF Resolution (A/RES/67/290) - it seeks to reflect the commitment made there inforce to the universal review function of the HLPF.</p>

<p>and promote system-wide coherence and coordination of sustainable development policies. Adequate linkages will be made with the follow-up and review arrangements of relevant UN Conferences including on LDCs, SIDS and LLDCs.</p>	<p>facilitate sharing of experiences including successes, challenges and lessons learned, and promote system-wide coherence and coordination of sustainable development policies. Adequate linkages will be made with the follow-up and review arrangements of relevant UN Conferences including on LDCs, SIDS and LLDCs.</p>	
<p>65. Follow-up and review at the HLPF will be informed by an annual SDG Progress Report to be prepared by the Secretary General in cooperation with the UN System, based on the global indicator framework and data produced by national statistical systems. The HLPF will also be informed by the Global Sustainable Development Report, which shall strengthen the science-policy interface and could provide a strong evidence-based instrument to support policymakers in promoting poverty eradication and sustainable development.</p>		
<p>66. We reaffirm that the HLPF, under the auspices of ECOSOC, shall carry out regular reviews of progress in line with Resolution 67/290. Reviews will be voluntary, while encouraging reporting, and include developed and developing countries as well as relevant UN entities. They shall be State-led, involving ministerial and other relevant high-level participants. They shall focus on assessment of progress, achievements and challenges faced by developed and developing countries, and provide a platform for partnerships, including through the participation of major groups and other relevant stakeholders</p>	<p>66. We reaffirm that the HLPF, under the auspices of ECOSOC, shall carry out regular reviews <b>on the follow-up and implementation of sustainable development commitments and objectives, including those related to the means of implementation of progress</b> in line with Resolution 67/290. Reviews will be voluntary, while encouraging reporting, and include developed and developing countries as well as relevant UN entities. They shall be State-led, involving ministerial and other relevant high-level participants <b>and stakeholders</b>. They shall focus on assessment of progress, achievements and challenges faced by developed and developing countries, and</p>	<p>Amendments based on A/RES/67/290 and seek to specify what will be reviewed in a more action-guiding way. It is important that participation is in line with the HLPF resolution (A/RES/67/290).</p>

	provide a platform for partnerships, including through the participation of major groups and other relevant stakeholders <b>in line with Resolution A/RES/67/290.</b>	
67. Thematic reviews of progress may also take place at the HLPF. These will be supported by reviews by the ECOSOC functional commissions and other inter-governmental forums which will engage relevant stakeholders and, where possible, feed into and be aligned with the cycle of the HLPF.	67. Thematic reviews of progress may also take place at the HLPF. These will be supported by reviews by the ECOSOC functional commissions, <b>international organizations specialized bodies</b> and other inter-governmental forums which will engage relevant stakeholders and, where possible, feed into and be aligned with the cycle of the HLPF.	Thematic reviews will be important to promote in-depth review of goals and cross-cutting issues. Many thematic reviews are already taking place in governing bodies and regular conferences convened mostly by the UN specialized agencies (health, agriculture, labour, trade and investment, etc.). The post-2015 agenda should stimulate synergies and complementarities between the already existing bodies.
68. We welcome, as outlined in the Addis Ababa Action Agenda, the dedicated follow-up and review for the Financing for Development outcomes as well as all the means of implementation of the [post-2015] Agenda. We encourage the HLPF to discuss the intergovernmentally agreed conclusions and recommendations of the annual ECOSOC Forum on Financing for Development follow-up as part of the overall and integrated follow-up and review of the [post-2015] Agenda		
69. Meeting every four years under the auspices of the General Assembly, the HLPF will provide high-level political guidance on the agenda and its implementation, identify progress and emerging challenges and mobilize further actions to accelerate implementation. The next HLPF, under the auspices of the General Assembly, will take place in 2019, with the cycle of meetings thus		



<p>reset, in order to maximize coherence with the Quadrennial Comprehensive Policy Review process.</p>		
<p>70. The HLPF will support participation in follow up and review processes by the major groups, the private sector and other stakeholders in line with Resolution 67/290. We encourage these actors to report on their contribution to the implementation of this Agenda.</p>	<p>70. The HLPF will <b>ensure the necessary support for the meaningful</b> participation in follow up and review processes by <b>civil society</b>, the major groups, the private sector and other stakeholders in line with Resolution 67/290. <b>The HLPF should regularly review engagement mechanisms, encourage and create opportunities for all stakeholders to participate and contribute to the implementation of this Agenda.</b> We encourage these actors to report on their contribution to the implementation of this Agenda.</p>	<p>It is important to have a clear reference to “civil society” in this paragraph. This paragraph should commit to ensuring concrete channels for civil society and other stakeholders to report on their contributions. Also important is for the HLPF to regularly review engagement mechanisms for civil society and other stakeholders.</p>
<p>71. We also welcome the on-going ECOSOC Dialogues on the Longer Term Positioning of the UN Development System and look forward to discussing these issues in the forthcoming Quadrennial Comprehensive Policy Review process, as the main vehicle to give guidance to the UN system’s country level work</p>		
<p>72. We request the Secretary General to provide a proposal, for consideration by member states, on the organizational arrangements of state-led reviews at the HLPF under the auspices of ECOSOC, including on a possible common reporting format. We furthermore encourage the HLPF at its meetings in 2016 and 2017 to provide adequate time for member states to share national experiences on transitioning to the</p>		

SDGs. We underscore our commitment to stay fully engaged with this Agenda.		
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### The status of this document

**July 2015**

This paper is issued on behalf of the **Beyond 2015 Rapid Response Task Force**. The process for preparing the Beyond 2015 Reaction to this revised Zero Draft was as follows:

- Since April, an open call was shared several times with the whole Campaign and its different structures to join the Rapid Response Task Force. Over 70 participants from more than 25 countries have already registered.
- A reaction was prepared in June 2015 in response to the first zero draft to the post-2015 outcome document, prepared by the co-facilitators of the post-2015 negotiations.
- The draft plans for the preparation of the reaction to the revised zero draft were shared with around 40 colleagues in a webinar held on July 7, 2015 and also by email. A google doc was set up by the Secretariat and open from July 9th – 13<sup>th</sup> for comments, suggested wording and recommendations from the Task Force.
- The Secretariat, revised the inputs, compared to Beyond 2015 previous reaction and position papers, and edited for consistency and sense.
- Beyond 2015 International Coordinator and Co-chairs revised and signed off the final text and consultation process followed.

Thanks go to the individuals from the following organisations who commented on the paper, and contributed to the Beyond 2015 reaction and recommendations:

- 11.11.11, Belgium
- AfriYAN West and Central Africa, Senegal
- Amnesty International, International and UK
- Asociación Chilena de ONG ACCION, Chile
- Association for Promotion Sustainable development, India
- Association Pour Les Victimes Du Monde, Cameroon
- Beyond 2015 Africa
- Beyond 2015 Asia
- Beyond 2015 Europe
- Beyond 2015 Latin America
- Bioregional, UK
- Biovision, Switzerland
- Bond, UK
- CAFOD, UK
- CARITAS Internationalis, USA
- Centre for Human Rights and Climate Change Research and Gender Justice and Sustainable Development Network, Nigeria
- CESR, USA
- Child Fund Alliance, USA
- Christian Aid, UK
- CIVICUS, Sweden/South Africa
- Climate Action Network, Mexico
- Community Emergency Response Initiative – CERI, Nigeria
- Concern Worldwide, Ireland
- CONCORD Sweden
- Coup de Pouce, DRC
- Development Initiatives, UK
- Dóchas, Ireland
- Equipo Pueblo / ADOC, Mexico
- Fundacion Superacion Pobreza, Chile
- GCAPH, Liberia
- Global Campaign for Education, South Africa
- Gurafesu Biodiversity, Conservation & Climate Change Communit Development Association, Solomon Islands
- HelpAge International, USA
- IFP, France
- International Center for Not-for-Profit Law, USA
- International Disability Alliance, US
- IWHC, USA
- Jeres Sonsonate, El Salvador
- Liberians United to Expose Hidden Weapons (LUEHW), Liberia
- Light for the World, USA
- Millennium Institute, USA
- National Old Folks of Liberia, Liberia
- Newcastle University, UK
- Ohaha Family Foundation, Nigeria
- Plan International, Europe and UK
- Restless Development, UK
- Rio Feliz, Brazil
- RIPPSS-International Network for the Promotion of Social Solidarity Economy, Canada
- SaferWorld, UK
- Sahkar Social Welfare Association, Pakistan
- The AIDS Support Organisation, Uganda
- The Danish 92 Group / Global Focus, Denmark
- Trocaire, Ireland
- Université de Lausanne, Switzerland
- VSO, UK
- VSO/Participate, Kenya
- WaterAid, International
- World Vision International, International
- WWF International, International
- Youth Power Initiative, Nigeria
- Youth Volunteer Environment Djibouti, Djibouti